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## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

 A method for forming a conductive pattern for a semiconductor device, comprising:

patterning a mask layer outwardly from a conductive layer of the semiconductor device, the patterning defining portions of the conductive layer where vias through the conductive layer are desired;

exposing the semiconductor device to a plasma, the plasma converting the unmasked portions of the conductive layer into a compound; and

exposing the semiconductor device to a treatment process, the treatment process selectively removing the compound.

- 2. The method of Claim 1, wherein the conductive layer comprises a copper material.
  - The method of Claim 1, further comprising removing the mask layer from the semiconductor device.
    - 4. The method of Claim 3, wherein removing the mask layer comprises removing the mask layer after removing the compound.
- 5. The method of Claim 3, wherein removing the mask layer comprises removing the mask layer before removing the compound.

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6. The method of Claim 1, wherein exposing the semiconductor device to a treatment process comprises:

exposing the semiconductor device to a substantially inert atmosphere; and

5 heating the semiconductor device to between 300 and 800 degrees Celsius to remove the compound.

- 7. The method of Claim 1, further comprising providing a barrier layer between the conductive material and a substrate of the semiconductor device.
- 8. The method of Claim 1, wherein the conductive material comprises a copper material, and wherein exposing the semiconductor device to a plasma comprises to exposing the semiconductor device to a chlorine-containing gas.
- 9. The method of Claim 8, wherein the compound comprises a copper chloride material, and wherein 20 exposing the semiconductor device to a treatment process comprises exposing the semiconductor device to a hydrogen chloride solution to remove the copper chloride material.
- 10. The method of Claim 1, wherein the mask layer 25 comprises a photoresist material.

11. A method for forming a conductive pattern for an electronic device, comprising:

forming a conductive layer outwardly from a substrate of the electronic device;

5 patterning a mask layer outwardly from the conductive layer, the patterning defining portions of the conductive layer where vias through the conductive layer are desired;

exposing the electronic device to a plasma, the 0 plasma converting the unmasked portions of the conductive layer into a compound;

exposing the electronic device to a treatment process to selectively remove the compound; and

removing the mask layer from the masked portions of the conductive layer.

- 12. The method of Claim 11, wherein removing the mask layer comprises removing the mask layer before removing the compound.
- 13. The method of Claim 11, wherein forming a conductive layer comprises forming a copper layer outwardly from the substrate.
- 25 14. The method of Claim 11, wherein exposing the electronic device to a plasma comprises exposing the electronic device to a plasma, the plasma comprising a gas having an element selected from the halogen group of elements.

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- 15. The method of Claim 11, further comprising providing a barrier layer between the conductive layer and the substrate of the electronic device.
- 5 16. The method of Claim 11, wherein exposing the electronic device to a plasma comprises controlling the exposure of the electronic device to the plasma to form a substantially perpendicular interface between the masked conductive material and the compound.

mask layer comprises patterning a photoresist layer outwardly from the conductive layer.

18. A method for forming a conductive pattern for an electronic device, comprising:

masking a portion of a conductive layer of the electronic device, the masked portion of the conductive layer defining the conductive pattern;

exposing the electronic device to a plasma, the plasma converting an unmasked portion of the conductive layer into a compound; and

exposing the electronic device to a treatment process, the treatment process selectively removing the compound.

- 19. The method of Claim 18, wherein masking a portion of a conductive layer comprises depositing a photoresist layer outwardly from a portion of the conductive layer.
- 20. The method of Claim 19, further comprising removing the photoresist layer after removing the 20 compound.
  - 21. The method of Claim 19, further comprising removing the photoresist layer before removing the compound.

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22. The method of Claim 18, wherein exposing the electronic device to a plasma comprises exposing the electronic device to a plasma, the plasma comprising a gas having an element selected from the halogen group of elements.

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- 23. The method of Claim 22, wherein the plasma comprises a chlorine-containing gas.
- \$24.\$ The method of Claim 22, wherein the plasma \$5\$ comprises a bromine-containing gas.
  - 25. The method of Claim 22, wherein the plasma comprises a fluorine-containing gas.
- 26. The method of Claim 22, wherein the plasma comprises an iodine-containing gas.
  - 27. The method of Claim 18, wherein exposing the electronic device to a plasma comprises controlling the exposure of the electronic device to the plasma to form a substantially perpendicular interface between the masked conductive material and the compound.
- 28. The method of Claim 18, wherein the conductive 20 layer comprises a copper material.
- 29. The method of Claim 28, wherein exposing the electronic device comprises exposing the electronic device to a plasma, the plasma comprising a chlorinecontaining gas, the plasma converting the unmasked portion of the conductive layer to copper chloride.
- 30. The method of Claim 29, wherein exposing the electronic device to a treatment process comprises comprises to exposing the electronic device to a hydrogen chloride solution to remove the copper chloride.